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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/955,306	09/19/2001	Futoshi Kuniyoshi	743421-0043	1720
22204	7590 07/28/2003		•	
NIXON PEABODY, LLP 8180 GREENSBORO DRIVE SUITE 800			EXAMINER	
			SHEEHAN, JOHN P	
MCLEAN, VA	A 22102			-
,			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1742	
			DATE MAILED: 07/28/2003	12

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		09/955,306	KUNIYOSHI ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit !				
	Ti MAN NO DATE Afabir	John P. Sheehan	1742				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app Reply	ears on the cover s	neet with the correspondence address				
THE M - Extens after S - If the p - If NO - Failure - Any re	PRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' ANLING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: AN (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply eriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing I patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however y within the statutory minimu vill apply and will expire SIX , cause the application to be	may a reply be timely filed on of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. come ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 f	<u>May 2003</u> .					
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-fina	I .				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims							
4)🖂 (Claim(s) 9 and 11 to 15 is/are pending in the a	application.					
4	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) 🗌 (5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ (6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9 and 11 to 15</u> is/are rejected.						
7) 🗌 (Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□ (8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application	on Papers						
9)□ ⊤	he specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)□ T	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11)∐ T	he proposed drawing correction filed on						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12)∐ T	he oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.					
Pri rity u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	·					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)[∑	a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
•	I. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been receive	ed.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	B. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bure the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.	2(a)).				
14)□ Ad	knowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	c priority under 35 l	J.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).				
	☐ The translation of the foreign language procknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	• •					
Attachment(s)						
2) Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 5.	5) 🔲 No	erview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) stice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) ner:				
J.S. Patent and Tra		tion Summary	Part of Paper No. 13				

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election without traverse of Group II, claims 9 and 11 to 15, in Paper
 No. 12 is acknowledged.

Priority

2. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Mikio et al. (Mikio, cited by applicants in the IDS submitted March 15, 2002).

Mikio teaches a specific example of a R-Fe-B rare earth magnet having an average crystal grain size of 4 μ m, an oxygen concentration of 2020 ppm and a nitrogen content of 500 ppm (Mikio, see English language translation attached to this Office action, paragraph 0016). The average crystal grain size, the oxygen concentration and

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the nitrogen content of this example R-Fe-B rare earth magnet are all encompasses by applicants' claim 9. Accordingly, claim 9 does not distinguish over Mikio's example alloy.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 11, 12, 14 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over (Mikio, cited by applicants in the IDS submitted March 15, 2002).
- 7. Mikio teaches a specific example of a R-Fe-B rare earth magnet having an average crystal grain size of 4 µm which is encompassed by applicants' claim 12, an oxygen concentration of 2020 ppm and a nitrogen content of 500 ppm which are encompassed by applicants' claims 11, 12, 14 and 15 (Mikio, see English language translation attached to this Office action, paragraph 0016). Mikio's specific example alloy contains 5 ppm hydrogen (see Mikio's paragraph 0016). The proportions of the alloy composition of the example alloy taught in Mikio's paragraph 0016 is set forth in atomic percents, however simply converting the atomic percents to weight percent reveals that the alloy contains 29.6 weight percent rare earth element which is encompassed by applicants claims 14 and 15.

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The claims and Mikio's specific example alloy differ in that Mikio's example alloy contains 5 ppm hydrogen whereas the instant claims require a minimum of 10 ppm hydrogen.

However, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have considered the invention to have been obvious because Mikio's example alloy differs from applicants claims alloy only in the amount of hydrogen, Mikio's example alloy contains 5 ppm hydrogen and the instant claims require a minimum of 10 ppm hydrogen, and thus so closely approximates the instantly claimed alloy that one of ordinary skill in the art would have expected Mikio's example alloy and the claimed alloys to have the same properties, Titanium Metals v. Banner, 227 USPQ 773 and MPEP 2144.05.

8. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over (Mikio, cited by applicants in the IDS submitted March 15, 2002).

Mikio teaches and is applied as set forth in the immediately proceeding prior art rejection.

Claim 13 and Mikio's specific example alloy differ in that Mikio's example alloy contains 5 ppm hydrogen whereas the instant claims require a minimum of 10 ppm hydrogen. Further, Mikio does not teach the process step recited in product by process claim 13.

However, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have considered the invention to have been obvious because Mikio's example alloy differs from applicants claims alloy only in the amount of hydrogen, Mikio's example

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alloy containing 5 ppm hydrogen and the instant claims requiring a minimum of 10 ppm hydrogen, and thus so closely approximates the instantly claimed alloy that one of ordinary skill in the art would have expected Mikio's example alloy and the claimed alloys to have the same properties, Titanium Metals v. Banner, 227 USPQ 773 and MPEP 2144.05. Further, the process step recited in instant product by process claim 13 does not necessarily lend patentability to the claimed product, MPEP 2113.

9. Claims 11, 14 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over PCT Document No. 93/20567.

PCT '567 teaches a R-Fe-B rare earth magnet containing, in weight percent, 0.01 to 2.0 % (100 to 20,000 ppm) oxygen, 0.003 to 5 % (30 to 50,000 ppm) nitrogen, 0.001 to 1.0 % (10 to 10,000 ppm) hydrogen and 8 to 42 % rare earth metal (see English language abstract). This R-Fe-B rare earth magnet composition overlaps the composition recited in applicants' claims.

The claims and PCT '567differ in that PCT '567 does not teach the exact same proportions as recited in applicants' claims.

However, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have considered the invention to have been obvious because the alloys taught by PCT '567 overlap applicants' claimed alloy and therefore are considered to establish a prima facie case of obviousness, <u>In re Peterson</u> 65 USPQ2d 1379 (CAFC 2003, <u>In re Geisler</u> 43 USPQ2d 1365 (Fed. Cir. 1997); <u>In re Woodruff</u>, 16 USPQ2d 1934 (CCPA 1976); <u>In re Malagari</u>, 182 USPQ 549, 553 (CCPA 1974) and MPEP 2144.05.

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10. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over PCT Document No. 93/20567.

PCT '567 teaches a R-Fe-B rare earth magnet containing, in weight percent, 0.01 to 2.0 % (100 to 20,000 ppm) oxygen, 0.003 to 5 % (30 to 50,000 ppm) nitrogen, 0.001 to 1.0 % (10 to 10,000 ppm) hydrogen and 8 to 42 % rare earth metal (see English language abstract). This R-Fe-B rare earth magnet composition overlaps the composition recited in applicants' claims.

Claim 13 and PCT '567 differ in that PCT '567 does not teach the process step recited in product by process claim 13.

However, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have considered the invention to have been obvious because the process step recited in instant product by process claim 13 does not necessarily lend patentability to the claimed product, MPEP 2113.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John P. Sheehan whose telephone number is (703) 308-3861. The examiner can normally be reached on T-F (6:30-5:00) Second Monday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Roy King can be reached on (703) 308-1146. The fax phone numbers for

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the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0651.

John P. Sheehan Primary Examiner Art Unit 1742

jps July 23, 2003